

## Study Guide

Date \_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_

**For each problem, find the average rate of change of the function over the given interval.**

1)  $y = -x^2 + 2x - 1$ ;  $[1, 2]$

2)  $y = x^2 + 1$ ;  $[1, 2]$

**For each problem, find the instantaneous rate of change of the function at the given value.**

3)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}$ ; 1

4)  $y = 2x^2 + x + 1$ ; 0

5)  $y = -\frac{1}{x-2}$ ; -3

6)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$ ; 2

**Evaluate each limit.**

7)  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(\frac{5}{3} + h\right)^2 - \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^2}{h}$

8)  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\left(-\frac{1}{2} + h\right)^2 - \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2}{h}$

9)  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan\left(\frac{3\pi}{4} + h\right) - \tan \frac{3\pi}{4}}{h}$

10)  $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3} + h\right) - \sin \frac{\pi}{3}}{h}$

$$11) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt[3]{2+h} - \sqrt[3]{2}}{h}$$

$$12) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{5+h} - \sqrt{5}}{h}$$

**Differentiate each function with respect to  $x$ .**

$$13) y = x^{\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$14) y = x^4$$

$$15) y = 4x^4$$

$$16) y = \sqrt[3]{x^2}$$

$$17) y = -3\sqrt[5]{x^2}$$

$$18) y = 5x^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

$$19) y = 3$$

$$20) y = -5$$

$$21) y = -\sqrt[4]{x}$$

$$22) y = 4\sqrt[5]{x}$$

$$23) y = 5\sqrt[3]{x}$$

$$24) y = 4x^{-2}$$

$$25) y = (5x^4 + 4)(x^3 + 5)$$

$$26) y = (5x^4 - 5)(4x^3 - 3)$$

$$27) y = (4x^4 - 4x^2 + 3)(x^5 - 3)$$

$$28) y = (-2x^5 + 3x^2 + 4)(4x^5 + 5)$$

$$29) y = \frac{x^2 + 2}{x^5 + 2}$$

$$30) y = \frac{4x^5 - x^2}{3x^5 + 2}$$

$$31) y = \frac{x^3 + 4x^2 + 4}{x^5 - 5}$$

$$32) y = \frac{5x^5 + 3x^2 + 3}{2x^5 + 2}$$

**For each problem, find the equation of the line tangent to the function at the given point. Your answer should be in slope-intercept form.**

$$33) y = 2x^2 - 4 \text{ at } (0, -4)$$

$$34) y = -x^3 - 3x^2 + 5 \text{ at } (1, 1)$$

$$35) y = \frac{3}{x-3} \text{ at } (0, -1)$$

$$36) y = \frac{x^2}{4x-4} \text{ at } \left(-2, -\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

**For each problem, find the equation of the line normal to the function at the given point. If the normal line is a vertical line, indicate so. Otherwise, your answer should be in slope-intercept form.**

$$37) y = x^3 - 7x^2 + 16x - 15 \text{ at } (2, -3)$$

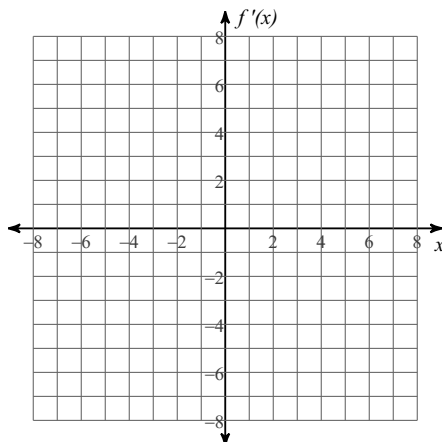
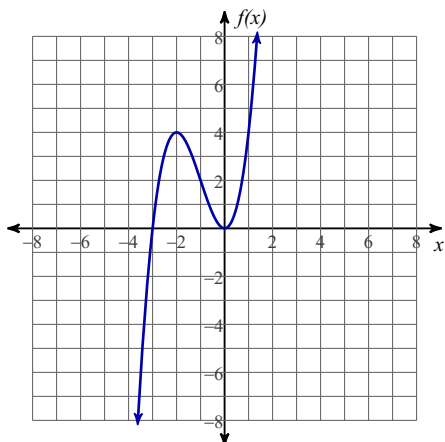
$$38) y = -x^3 - 4x^2 - 4x - 4 \text{ at } (-1, -3)$$

$$39) y = -\frac{x^2}{2} - 2x - 3 \text{ at } (-2, -1)$$

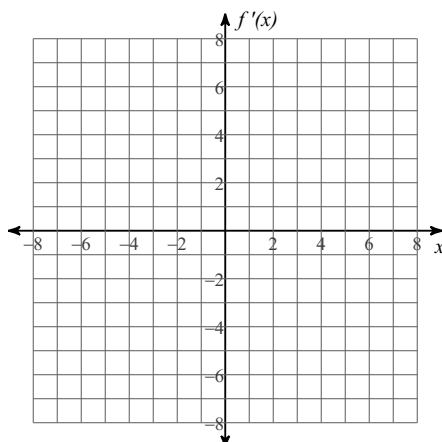
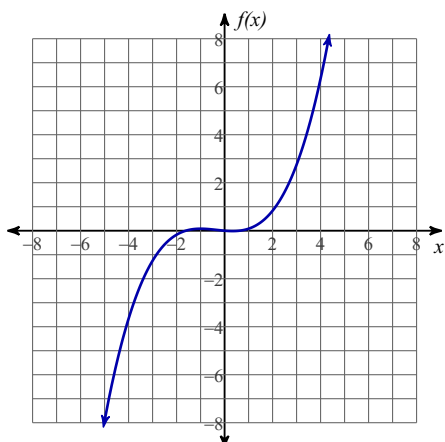
$$40) y = -x^3 + x^2 - 3 \text{ at } (-1, -1)$$

Given the graph of  $f(x)$ , sketch an approximate graph of  $f'(x)$ .

41)



42)



A particle moves along a horizontal line. Its position function is  $s(t)$  for  $t \geq 0$ . For each problem, find the velocity function  $v(t)$  and the acceleration function  $a(t)$ .

43)  $s(t) = -t^3 + 30t^2 - 225t$

44)  $s(t) = t^3 - 24t^2 + 144t$

## Answers to Study Guide (ID: 1)

1)  $-1$

2)  $3$

3)  $-\frac{1}{4}$

4)  $1$

5)  $\frac{1}{25}$

6)  $-\frac{1}{4}$

7)  $\frac{10}{3}$

8)  $-1$

9)  $2$

10)  $\frac{1}{2}$

11)  $\frac{\sqrt[3]{2}}{6}$

12)  $\frac{\sqrt{5}}{10}$

13)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{4}{3}x^{\frac{1}{3}}$

14)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 4x^3$

15)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 16x^3$

16)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2}{3}x^{-\frac{1}{3}}$

17)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{6}{5}x^{-\frac{3}{5}}$

18)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{5}{3}x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$

19)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$

20)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$

21)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{1}{4}x^{-\frac{3}{4}}$

22)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{4}{5}x^{-\frac{4}{5}}$

23)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{5}{3}x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$

24)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -8x^{-3}$

25)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = (5x^4 + 4) \cdot 3x^2 + (x^3 + 5) \cdot 20x^3$   
 $= 35x^6 + 100x^3 + 12x^2$

26)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = (5x^4 - 5) \cdot 12x^2 + (4x^3 - 3) \cdot 20x^3$   
 $= 140x^6 - 60x^3 - 60x^2$

27)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = (4x^4 - 4x^2 + 3) \cdot 5x^4 + (x^5 - 3)(16x^3 - 8x)$   
 $= 36x^8 - 28x^6 + 15x^4 - 48x^3 + 24x$

28)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = (-2x^5 + 3x^2 + 4) \cdot 20x^4 + (4x^5 + 5)(-10x^4 + 6x)$   
 $= -80x^9 + 84x^6 + 30x^4 + 30x$

29)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(x^5 + 2) \cdot 2x - (x^2 + 2) \cdot 5x^4}{(x^5 + 2)^2}$   
 $= \frac{-3x^6 - 10x^4 + 4x}{x^{10} + 4x^5 + 4}$

30)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(3x^5 + 2)(20x^4 - 2x) - (4x^5 - x^2) \cdot 15x^4}{(3x^5 + 2)^2}$   
 $= \frac{9x^6 + 40x^4 - 4x}{9x^{10} + 12x^5 + 4}$

31)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(x^5 - 5)(3x^2 + 8x) - (x^3 + 4x^2 + 4) \cdot 5x^4}{(x^5 - 5)^2}$   
 $= \frac{-2x^7 - 12x^6 - 20x^4 - 15x^2 - 40x}{x^{10} - 10x^5 + 25}$

32)  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(2x^5 + 2)(25x^4 + 6x) - (5x^5 + 3x^2 + 3) \cdot 10x^4}{(2x^5 + 2)^2}$   
 $= \frac{-9x^6 + 10x^4 + 6x}{2x^{10} + 4x^5 + 2}$

33)  $y = -4$

34)  $y = -9x + 10$

35)  $y = -\frac{1}{3}x - 1$

36)  $y = \frac{2}{9}x + \frac{1}{9}$

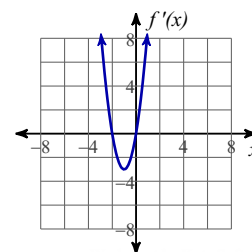
37) Normal line is vertical line at  $x = 2$

38)  $y = -x - 4$

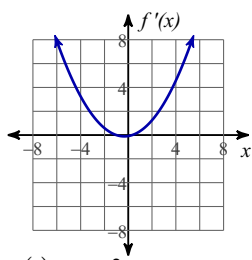
39) Normal line is vertical line at  $x = -2$

40)  $y = \frac{1}{5}x - \frac{4}{5}$

41)



42)



43)  $v(t) = -3t^2 + 60t - 225$ ,  $a(t) = -6t + 60$

44)  $v(t) = 3t^2 - 48t + 144$ ,  $a(t) = 6t - 48$